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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/674,077	10/26/2000	Hideyuki Kimura	107714	1563	
25944 OLIFF & BERI	7590 10/28/200 RIDGE, PLC	EXAMINER			
P.O. BOX 3208		PATTERSON, MARC A			
ALLAANDKIA	1, VA 22320-4630		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1794		
		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
			10/28/2009	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Applicat	tion No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		09/674,0	077	KIMURA ET AL.		
		Examine	er	Art Unit		
		MARC A	. PATTERSON	1794		
The MA Period for Reply	ILING DATE of this commu	nication appears on ti	he cover sheet with the	correspondence ad	ddress	
A SHORTENE WHICHEVER - Extensions of time after SIX (6) MON - If NO period for re - Failure to reply wit Any reply received	D STATUTORY PERIOD IN S LONGER, FROM THE IN May be available under the provision THS from the mailing date of this comply is specified above, the maximum shin the set or extended period for repleted by the Office later than three months an adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DATE OF T s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no e munication. tatutory period will apply and y will, by statute, cause the ap	THIS COMMUNICATION EVENT, however, may a reply be to will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the polication to become ABANDON	DN. imely filed the mailing date of this of ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	,	
Status						
2a)⊠ This action 3)□ Since thi	ive to communication(s) filon is FINAL . s application is in condition accordance with the pract	2b)☐ This action is for allowance excep	non-final. ht for formal matters, p		e merits is	
Disposition of Cla	iims					
4a) Of the 5) ☐ Claim(s) 6) ☑ Claim(s) 7) ☐ Claim(s)	1-6,12-14,22,23 and 26-33 above claim(s) is/a is/are allowed. 1-6,12-14,22,23 and 26-33 is/are objected to are subject to restri	are withdrawn from c	onsideration.			
Application Pape	rs					
10) The draw Applicant Replacem	ification is objected to by the ing(s) filed on is/are may not request that any objected to declaration is objected to	ection to the drawing(s) g the correction is requ	be held in abeyance. So ired if the drawing(s) is o	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). bjected to. See 37 C	, ,	
Priority under 35	U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
2) D Notice of Draftsp	nces Cited (PTO-892) erson's Patent Drawing Review (osure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Date		4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail I 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date		

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DETAILED ACTION

NEW REJECTIONS

Claim Rejections – 35 USC § 102(b)

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1, 22, 26, 28 and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Brettell et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,228,186).

With regard to Claims 1 and 22, Brettell et al disclose a body which is cylindrical (column 4, lines 65-66) and therefore has a sidewall portion having an inner surface and an outer surface and an upper opening, and comprises a sheet shaped insert between a core and a cavity of a mold having an upper edge and lower edge (shell; column 5, lines 34 - 36); resin is injected into the space between the core and the cavity and is unified with the insert, allowing the insert to be bonded to the outer side of the wall of the body (column 4, lines 13 - 17), therefore bonded to the outer surface of the body; the body is therefore insertion molded; an injection gate mark is formed inwardly apart from the upper end of the insert in an axial direction and at a position corresponding to a position on the inner surface that is covered by the insert (the gates, which are runners, produce marks, that are stops; column 5, lines 58 - 63; Figure 3); Brettell et al disclose an upper edge and lower edge, which are the upper and lower edge of the contact part '9' in Figure 2, which define the length of the sheet – shaped insert because the upper and lower edge are a defined, finite distance from the upper opening of the insert and the end of the insert

opposite to the upper opening; the upper edge is below the upper opening of the cylindrical molded body as shown in Figure 2.

With regard to Claim 26, because resin is injected into the space between the core and the cavity and is unified with the insert, the insert is bonded to an entire surface of the outer surface of the sidewall portion, excluding a mouth portion of the cylindrical molded body.

With regard to Claims 28 and 30, the claimed aspect of the article being made by a method comprising fitting, attaching and holding the insert along the inner surface of the outer molding unit in the molding cavity is directed to a product - by - process limitation and is therefore given little patentable weight.

Claim Rejections – 35 USC § 103(a)

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brettell et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,228,186).

Brettell et al disclose a cylindrical insert as discussed above. With regard to Claim 2, Brettell et al fail to disclose a gap on the outer surface positioned between opposed ends of the insert and not covered by the insert. However, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to have provided for a gap in the insert of Brettell et al, since such a modification would

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have involved a mere change in shape. A change in shape is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art. *In re Dailey*, 357 F.2d 669, 149 USPO 47 (CCPA 1966).

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5. Claims 3 - 6, 12 - 14, 23, 27, 29 and 31 – 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brettell et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,228,186) in view of Suzuki et al (Japanese Patent No. 6246777).

Brettell et al disclose an insertion and injection molded article comprising an insert and injected resin as discussed above. The mold comprises a mold cavity, therefore an outer mold unit, and core, as discussed above, therefore a core shaped to be inserted and fitted into the outer mold unit, and a cavity between the outer mold unit and the core; the core also comprises an injection gate opening that is a runner, as discussed above; the insert is placed between the core and cavity, as discussed above, and is therefore fitted attached and held along the inner surface, and resin is injected toward the molded body inner surface; the insert is also therefore pushed onto the inner surface with the resin. With regard to Claims 3 - 4 and 23, Brettell et al fail to disclose a core which is a pull - out mold unit and a resin which is cured following injection.

Suzuki et al teach the use of a mold unit which is a pull - out mold unit (pulled out of the space; paragraph 0025, English translation) for molding, for the purpose of molding a hollow article (paragraph 0004, English translation). One of ordinary skill in the art would therefore have recognized the advantage of providing for the pull - out mold unit of Suzuki et al in Brettell et al, which comprises molding, depending on the desired use of the end product.

It therefore would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time

Applicant's invention was made to have provided for a pull - out mold unit, therefore a core

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which is a pull - out mold unit, in Bretell et al in order to obtain a hollow article as taught by Suzuki et al.

With regard to Claims 5, 12, 27 and 29, a knock out pin is provided in the core disclosed by Suzuki et al (ejection pin; paragraph 0011, English translation), and the Suzuki et al further disclose pulling out the pull - out mold unit of the outer mold unit after insertion molding (paragraph 0025, English translation and cutting a connection between the cured resin inside an injection gate opening and a molded body by raising the knock, out pin (the ejection pin is raised, eliminating thermoplastics remaining between the core and runner, thus cutting the connection between molded body and the knock - out pin, and forming a mark left by the injection gate; paragraph 0011, English translation) and removing the body by pushing the bottom portion of the body (the fabricated compound container is taken out from the core by moving upwards the stripper plate with which its bottom portion is in contact (paragraph 0022, English translation; Figure 9).

With regard to Claims 6 and 13 - 14, as discussed above, the insert disclosed by Brettell et al is fitted, attached and held in a cylindrical shape along the inner surface of the outer mold unit; the mold unit is a pull - out mold unit as discussed above, and a contact frictional force is therefore applied by placing the insert in a cylindrical shape into the outer mold unit while the core of the injection molding mold is pulled out from the outer mold unit.

With regard to Claims 31 - 33, Bretell et al fail to disclose an injection gate opening that is taper – like thinned. However, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to have provided for a tapered injection gate, since such a modification would have involved a mere

change in shape. A change in shape is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art. *In re Dailey*, 357 F.2d 669, 149 USPQ 47 (CCPA 1966).

ANSWERS TO APPLICANT'S ARGUMENTS

Applicant's arguments regarding the 35 U.S.C. 102(b) rejection of Claims 1, 22, 26, 28 and 30 as being anticipated by Brettell et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,228,186), 35 U.S.C. 103(a) rejection of Claim 2 as being unpatentable over Brettell et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,228,186) and 35 U.S.C. 103(a) rejection of Claims 3 - 6, 12 - 14, 23, 27 and 29 as being unpatentable over Brettell et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,228,186) in view of Suzuki et al (Japanese Patent No. 6246777), of record in the previous Action, have been carefully considered but have not been found to be persuasive for the reasons set forth below.

Applicant argues, on page 10 of the remarks dated Bretell et al do not disclose a sheet – shaped insert having an upper edge and a lower edge that define the length of the insert, and the upper edge below the upper opening of the cylindrical molded body.

However, as stated above, Bretell et al disclose a sheet – shaped insert having an upper edge and a lower edge that define the length of the insert, and the upper edge below the upper opening of the cylindrical molded body.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Marc A Patterson whose telephone number is 571-272-1497. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon - Fri 8:30 AM - 5:00 PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Rena Dye can be reached on 571-272-1498. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/Marc A Patterson/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1794